

Tout comme au présent, il y a deux présent Perfect en anglais, qui ne correspondent pas vraiment à nos temps français.

- Le présent Perfect simple
- Le présent Perfect continu

RAPPEL

- Les temps continus expriment les actions en déroulement, **en cours, toujours vraies**
- Les temps « Perfect » expriment les **actions accomplies, vues comme un résultat**

Auxiliaire HAVE au présent + Verbe toujours au Participe Passé (ed ou 3^{ème} colonne)

HAVE worked

HAVE TAKEN

Mots indices pour bien utilisé le Present perfect:

- So far, until now (jusqu'à maintenant)
- Already, ever, yet (déjà)
- For 10 years (today included)
- This morning (if the morning is not over)
- Just ("je viens de...")
- Not yet
- Never
- Since + date

Present Perfect simple

Il sert à exprimer :

- **ACTIONS passées avec un résultat dans le présent** It has rained (it's wet now).
- **Passé flou, sans date** They have been to Australia.
- **Expérience vécue** Yes, I have already eaten snails!

Affirmation HAVE au présent + PP

I	have	broken	My leg
You			
He/she/it	has		
We	have		
You			
They			

Négation HAVE NOT (haven't) + PP

I	have	not	broken	My leg
You				
He She It	has			
We	have			
You	Have			
They	have			

Interrogation HAVE + Sujet + PP

Have	I	broken	Your leg?
	you		
Has	he she it		
	we		
Have	you		
	they		

Présent Perfect Continuous

Il sert à exprimer :

- **ACTIONS toujours "vraies"** I have been learning English for 5 years
- **...Jusqu'à maintenant** I've been living here for a long time!

Affirmation BE au présent Perfect + ING

I	Have been	boxing	For 10 years
You			
He/she/it	Has been		
We	Have been		
You			
They			

Négation Have Not Been + ING

I	have	not	Been boxing	For 10 years
You				
He She It	has			
We	have			
You	Have			
They	have			

Interrogation HAVE + Sujet Been + ING

HOW LONG	Have	I	living here?
		you	
	Has	he	
		she	
		it	
	Have	we	
you			
they			